

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5

PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-41334

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Phaguant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 78-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/01	_ AND ENDING _	12/31/01
	HOM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	1		
MANUE OF BROILER BEINESKI	* Some	as Two	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: STephen Inves Imen	VI DECOMENTIN		FIRM ID, NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O.)	Box No.)	riam to, tto.
2275 Whitby Road			
	(No. and Street)		
Chesterfield	Missouri	_	63017
(City)	(Scare)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF F	PERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS	REPORT
Mary E. Oliver		(636)	394-1960
		(٨٠	es Code — Telephone No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained i	n this Report*	
Kerber, Eck & Braeckel	LLP		
(Sa	me — if individual, state less, first, mid	die namei	
One Memorial Drive, Sui	te_950 St. Loui	s, Missouri	63102
(Addras)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			PROCESSED
☐ Public Accountant	1 6	· *	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
☐ Accountant not resident in United	i States or any of its possess	ions.	MAR 2 6 2002
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		THOMSON
			FINANCIAL
L	, <u> </u>		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied by a sine basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I Mary E. Oliver	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial state	
Stephen Investment Securities, Inc.	
2001	
nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any pro	t. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
a customer, except as follows:	iplically interest in any account cardinal soley to take of
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME	
THIS 28 DAY OF FELDRUNOY 20/2	Mari E. Eliver
Expiration 1-31-06	Signature
	Mary E. Dhow Service
	Title
(DIO Way Housein	
Noury Public	
This remorate popular (shock all applicable boyet)	
This report contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	note the street of the state
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims	
(i) Statement of Changes in Clayholds Subortunated to Change (g) Computation of Net Capital	s of Cremiors.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements I	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
☑ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirer	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the	
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement	nts Under Exhibit A of Rule 1963-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Stateme solidation.	nts of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
图 (1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist of	r found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
x (o) Independent auditors' Report on Inte	ernal Accounting Control

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filling, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

KERBER, ECK & BRAECKEL LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

One Memorial Drive, Suite 950 St. Louis, Missouri 63102 314-231-6232 Fax 314-231-0079

St. Louis, Missouri Belleville, Illinois Cape Girardeau, Missouri Carbondale, Illinois Milwaukee, Wisconsin Springfield, Illinois

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Stephen Investment Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. (a Missouri corporation) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of operations and accumulated deficit and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U. S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations, and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information shown on pages 15 and 16 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kerber, Eck & Braeckel LLP

St. Louis, Missouri January 10, 2002

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31,

		2001	2000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$	12,268	\$ 16.035
Commissions receivable		~	4,796
Prepaid expenses		129	129
Deferred income taxes		1,100	 150
Total current assets		13,497	21,110
Equipment and leasehold improvements - at cost			
Office equipment		22,755	22,755
Leasehold improvements		5,311	5,311
·		28,066	 28.066
Less accumulated depreciation and			
amortization		20,505	18,266
		7,561	 9,800
Total assets	\$	21,058	\$ 30,910
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 5.024
Deferred income taxes		200	200
Stockholders' equity			
Common stock - authorized 30,000 shares.			
\$1 par value; issued and outstanding,			
1,000 shares		1,000	1,000
Additional paid-in capital		62,958	62,958
Accumulated deficit		(43,100)	 (38,272)
Total stockholders' equity		20,858	 25,686
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	_\$_	21,058	 30,910
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.			

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED DEFICIT Year ended December 31,

	2001	2000
Income - Commissions	\$ 99.656	\$ 129,043
Operating expenses		
Auto	-	2,004
Bank charges	278	203
Commissions and management fees	87,973	69,719.
Depreciation and amortization	2,238	2,662
Donations	-	500
Dues and subscriptions	-	197
Employee benefits	-	846
Entertainment and promotion	-	10,521
Insurance	705	707
Licenses and fees	-	1,240
Office and miscellaneous	132	11,678
Postage and delivery	89	1,131
Professional fees	4,300	225
Repairs and maintenance	1,385	2,002
Travel	-	17,041
Taxes and licenses	411	913
Telephone	4,125	3,309
Occupancy	3,953	12,970
	105,590	137,868
Operating loss	(5,934)	(8,825)
Other income (expense)		
Interest income	191	351
Interest expense	-	(47)
	191	304
Loss before income taxes	(5,743)	(8,521)
Income taxes	(915)	2,258
NET LOSS	(4,828)	(10,779)
Accumulated deficit at beginning of year	(38,272)	(27,493)
Accumulated deficit at end of year	\$ (43,100)	\$ (38,272)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended December 31,

	2001	2000
Increase (decrease) in cash		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (4.828)	\$ (10,779)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss		
to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	2,239	2,662
(Increase) decrease in deferred income taxes	(750)	150
Decrease in commissions receivable	4,796	10,624
Increase in prepaid expenses	~	(32)
Decrease in accounts payable	(5,024)	(4,544)
Decrease in deferred income taxes	(200)	
Total adjustments	1,061	8,860
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,767)	(1,919)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	-	(3,745)
Proceeds from sale of fixed asset		9,059
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,314
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(3,767)	3,395
Cash at beginning of year	16,035	12,640
Cash at end of year	\$ 12,268	\$ 16,035

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

1. Organization

Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. was incorporated on March 23, 1987 as Oliver Securities, Inc. to act as a direct participation broker-dealer and was amended on January 10, 1989 as Stephen Securities, Inc., and again on May 5, 1989 as Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. under the laws of the State of Missouri as a broker-dealer of investment securities. Effective July 25, 1989, the Company became a 15c3-1(a)(3) securities broker-dealer.

2. Commissions Receivable

The Company considers commissions receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required. If amounts become uncollectible, they will be charged to operations when that determination is made.

3. Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation is provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, with both straight-line and accelerated methods being used. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the estimated service lives of the improvements. Future income taxes resulting from differences in cost basis and depreciation have been provided for in the accompanying financial statements.

4. Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE B - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 8 to 1. At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital of \$12,068 which is \$7,068 in excess of that required. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .02 to 1. At December 31, 2000, the Company had net capital of \$15,607 which was \$10,607 in excess of the amount then required. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .32 to 1.

NOTE C - INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under the liability method specified by SFAS 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities as measured by the enacted tax rates which will be in effect when these differences reverse. Deferred tax expense is the result of changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities. The principal types of differences between assets and liabilities for financial statement and tax return purposes are cost basis of depreciable assets and accumulated depreciation. A deferred tax asset is recorded for net operating losses being carried forward for tax purposes.

The components of the deferred tax assets recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition at December 31, are as follows:

	2001	2000
Current		
Net operating loss	\$ 1,100	\$ 150
Non current		
Accumulated depreciation	\$ 200	\$ (200)

At December 31, 2001, the Company has a net operating loss carryforward of \$5,574.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE D - RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On January 1, 2001, the Company entered into a one year management consulting agreement, renewable annually, with First Choice Consultants, Inc. ("An Administrative Service Agreement"). Pursuant to the Administrative Service Agreement First Choice Consultants, Inc. provided management consulting services, strategic business planning and certain other management advisory services to the Company in exchange for an annual fee totaling \$87,973 and \$87,000 in 2001 and 2000 respectively. Mary Beth Oliver is an officer and director of both companies.

NOTE E - COMMITMENT

A former employee of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc., Luther E. Oliver, was employed by another brokerage, O.R. Securities Inc. O.R. Securities had sustained an adverse arbitration award against it in favor of Professional Planning Associates Investment, Inc. (PPA), which award became final in November 1988. After recording this award in accordance with the NASD Guide to Rule Interpretations, which impaired O.R. Securities' capital requirements, O.R. Securities ceased doing business. Mr. Oliver moved his security license to Stephen Investment Securities in 1989. He transferred certain accounts from O.R. Securities to Stephen Investment Securities, Inc.

PPA was only able to collect a portion of its award against O.R. Securities and was left with an uncollected award of \$72,498. A disciplinary procedure was commenced with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") to enforce the award against Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. as a successor to O.R. Securities due to the transfer of the accounts. The NASD found Stephen Investment Securities liable for the award in a complaint dated July 23, 1991, and an appeal dated March 9, 1992. The decision of the NASD was then appealed to the Securities and Exchange Commission. The SEC affirmed the ruling on August 6, 1993. The decision was appealed to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. The Eighth Circuit affirmed the decision of the SEC on June 20, 1994. The opinion essentially left intact the prior ruling.

In its decision dated July 23, 1991, the NASD Committee ruled that "in view of the common control of O.R. Securities and Stephen at the time of the transfer of customer accounts, Stephen is obligated to honor the award from assets it acquired from O.R." In its decision dated March 9, 1992, the NASD Committee ruled that "since the accounts which were considered 'house' or 'orphan' accounts at the time of their transfer to Stephen were the property of O.R. at the time of the transfer and became property of Stephen subsequent to the transfer, we find that all commissions generated by these accounts, including but not limited to trail commissions, should be made available to PPA for payment of the arbitration award. Accordingly, we order that all trail and other commissions earned in these accounts as of November 4, 1989, the date O.R.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2001 and 2000

NOTE E - COMMITMENT - Continued

booked the arbitration award as a liability, should be paid to PPA immediately upon issuance of the decision in this matter. In addition, we believe that PPA is entitled to 100%, not 80%, of the trail or other commissions generated by those accounts. Therefore, <u>all</u> future trail and other commissions should be paid to PPA in satisfaction of the arbitration award until such time as the award is paid in full, or until such time as the parties reach an accord and satisfaction regarding payment of the arbitration award."

"In the alternative, Stephen may transfer the designated accounts to PPA, until such time as the arbitration award has been paid in full, at which time the accounts will be returned to Stephen. PPA will be responsible for accounting to the NASD on a quarterly basis <u>all</u> funds received in satisfaction of the award, including funds received from Stephen as well as all other sources."

The March 9, 1992 decision also required Stephen to account for the transaction in the following manner. "We note that Stephen will be required to book immediately as a liability the amount already collected by the firm from November 4, 1989 through the date of the decision, less the amount garnished by PPA. Stephen will also be required to book as a liability any sum determined to be owed to PPA as it is received by the firm."

The original award was for \$81,998. PPA reduced the award to a judgment and has attained at least \$9,500 through the execution of this judgment in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Stephen Investment Securities paid \$4,896.55 to PPA on September 22, 1994 and \$173.90 on October 17, 1994, leaving a balance of \$67,428. Stephen, pursuant to the NASD decision and the SEC opinion, assigned all of the accounts in issue to PPA in satisfaction of the award. This technically satisfied any obligation to make payments, though the entire amount is still owed until paid in full. For this reason, Stephen believes the proper reporting of this item in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is to report this item as a commitment. Stephen believes it has complied with the NASD decision and the order of the SEC as affirmed by the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals. NASD believes that Stephen should book the balance of the judgment as a liability which would put the Company in a net capital violation with the NASD rules and cause it to cease doing business. Stephen believes this is contrary to the NASD decision and the order of the SEC and not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Stephen ceased doing securities business with new customers on October 13, 1994 and will remain dormant until the matter is resolved.

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	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Year ended December 31, 2001

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1

		otal per n X-17A-5 Originally omitted at /31/2001	Audit Adjustments*		Total Per Audited Financial Statements at 12/31/2001	
Total stockholders' equity	\$	29,252	\$	(8,394)	\$	20,858
Deduct from stockholders' equity non-allowable assets Prepaid expenses		129		-		129
Fixed assets - net of accumulated depreciation		9,800		(2,239)		7,561
Deferred income taxes		150		950		1,100
		10,079		(1,289)		8,790
Net capital	\$	19,173	\$	(7,105)	\$	12,068

C

Total liabilities	_\$	67,628	\$ (67,428)	\$ 200
Total aggregate indebtedness	_\$	78,694	\$ (78,494)	\$ 200
Percent of aggregate indebtedness to net capital				0.02

^{*}Adjustments due to the fact that the books and records of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2001, had not been adjusted for audit findings prior to the preparation of Form X-17A-5.

COMPUTATION OF DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is claiming an exemption pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(A) regarding the computation for determination of reserve requirements under Rule 15c3-3.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - CONTINUED Year ended December 31, 2001

ADDITIONAL REQUIRED INFORMATION

INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is claiming an exemption pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(A) regarding information relating to the possession or control requirements under Rule 15c3-3.

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Total per Form X-17A-5 as Originally Submitted at 12/31/2001	Audit Adjustments*	Total Per Audited Financial Statements at 12/31/2001		
Income					
Commissions	\$ -	\$ 99,656	\$ 99,656		
Other	120,188	(119,997)	191		
Total income	120,188	(20,341)	99,847		
Expenses					
Salaries and other costs	37,500	(37,500)	-		
Regulatory fees	-	-	-		
Other expenses	69,777	34,898	104,675		
Total expenses	107,277	(2,602)	104,675		
Net earnings	\$ 12,911	\$ (17,739)	\$ (4,828)		

^{*}Adjustments due to the fact that the books and records of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2001, had not been adjusted for audit findings prior to the preparation of the Form X-17A-5.

KERBER, ECK & BRAECKEL LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

One Memorial Drive, Suite 950 St. Louis, Missouri 63102 314-231-6232 Fax 314-231-0079

St. Louis, Missouri Belleville, Illinois Cape Girardeau, Missouri Carbondale, Illinois Milwaukee, Wisconsin Springfield, Illinois

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Accounting Control

Board of Directors Stephen Investment Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3(e). We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities. The Company is exempt from compliance with Rule 15c3-3 and no facts came to our attention that such conditions for exemptions had not been complied with during the period.

The management of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the previous paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the control environment and its operations that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Stephen Investment Securities, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2001 and the report does not affect our report thereon dated.

Segregation of Duties

Proper segregation of duties and responsibilities does not exist since only two people record all cash and security transactions and do the bookkeeping for the Company. This weakness is somewhat alleviated by the supervision and review of the president of the Company, who is integrally involved with the daily operations.

We recognize that it may not be practicable to segregate duties because of the size of the Company's operations, but our professional responsibilities require us to bring this to your attention.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

Kerry, ECR & Branchel LLP

St. Louis, Missouri January 10, 2002